

# CONTEST 2022

# SMART HOME AUTOMATION USING W5500-EVB-Pico

By Albin Joseph

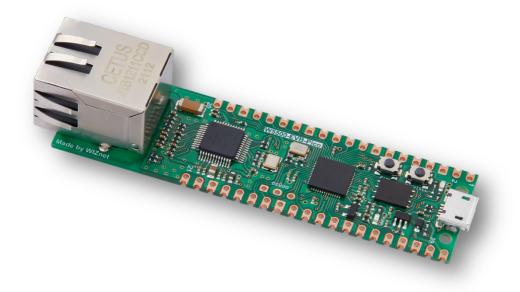
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# **Problem Statement**

To convert normal home devices to smart home devices by creating an automated environment at a cheaper cost by making use of W5100s-evb-pico with internet connectivity and by proving it with a mini home demo model to create a similar environment as that of an actual home.

# 1) Quick Intro to W5500-EVB-Pico



W5500-EVB-Pico is a microcontroller evaluation board based on the Raspberry Pi RP2040 and fully hardwired TCP/IP controller W5500 – and basically works the same as Raspberry Pi Pico board but with additional Ethernet via W5500.

- Raspberry Pi Pico Clone
- Ethernet (W5500 Hardwired TCP/IP CHIP)

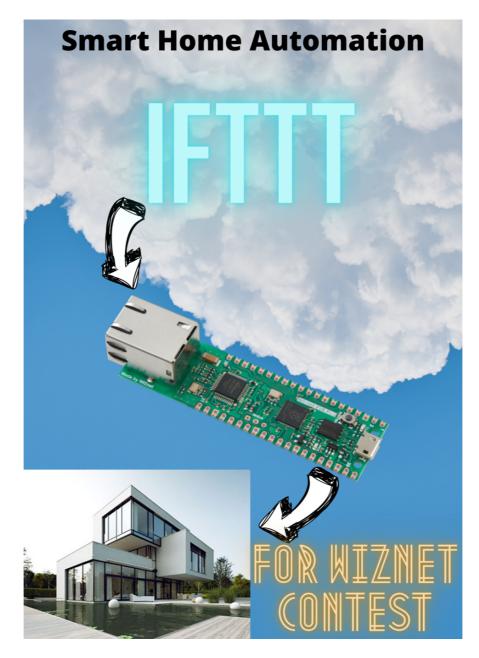
It is one of the best things on the planet from Wiznet!

More details can be found I the following link :-<u>https://docs.wiznet.io/Product/iEthernet/W5500/w5500-</u> <u>evb-pico/</u>

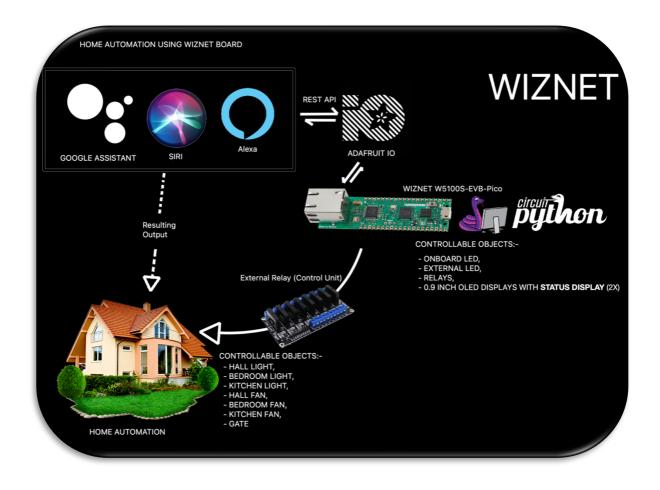
# 2) Intro to Project / Aim of the Project

The Aim of the project is to turn normal home devices to smart devices by creating an automated environment with the help of W5100s-evb-pico with internet connectivity to create a low cost home automation setup.

The Below was the proposed project flyer.... But things changed... changed for good... you will find out.



# 3) Block Diagram of the Project



The above Block Diagram shows the interaction flow (behind the scenes) of what actually happens when you interact with your favourite assistant !

# 4) Hardware and Material Used

W5500-EVB-Pico	x 1
0.9 Inch OLED Display	x2
Bread Board	x1
8 Channel Relay Module	x1
Mini fans	x2
DC Motor and Fan Blade	x1
0.5µF capacitor for DC Motor	x1
Acrylic Sheets 3 types	x5
Plywood 2 types	×2
False Ceiling Lights	×3
Old CD/DVD Drive	- x1

# 5) Problems, Challenges and Solutions

There were many challenges faced starting from gathering the right parts but the main issue that was face was when the I tried to use a DC Motor fan, somehow the back EMF and magnetic interference was causing the relay module to stop functioning as soon as the motor starts and because the relay malfunctioned it was resetting the circuit python program and used to go on this reset loop finally causing the board to freeze and I had to end up nuking the board and re-flashing circuit python and the code.

Well actually there seemed two ways to solve this problem and the first and easy way was to replace the dc motor (which is used as hall fan) to a tiny propeller which would instantly solve the problem, but instead I went the tough way to solve this problem and started to learn about the reason behind it and solve it, it took me almost 3 weeks to find the solution to this, and at the end I was able to solve it using a  $0.5\mu$ F capacitor which was connected in parallel to the DC motor along with a 1 ohm resistor, which did the job, but also a varistor could have been used too to solve this which unfortunately seemed to be very rare to find.

The other problem faced was to stick the Acrylic sheets together the available solvents and glue was not at all strong enough to hold it in place so I had to research and develop a solvent along with my father, the solvent was made by dropping acrylic pieces into Chloroform and using that solution to weld it together after cleaning up with alcohol The Acrylic sticks together due to chemical bonding.

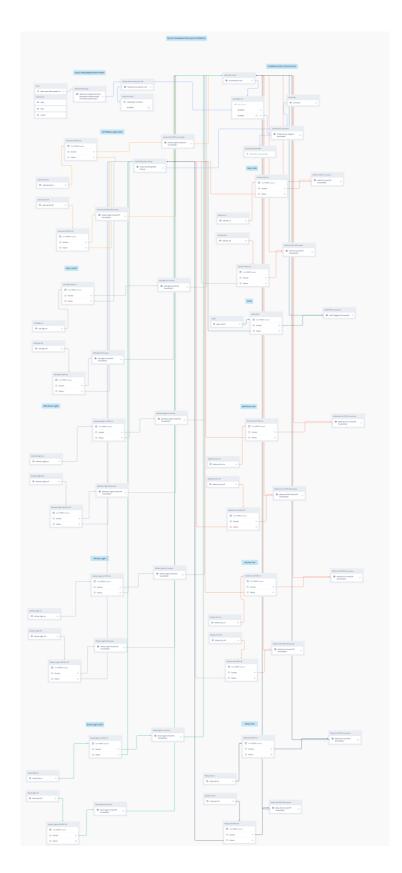
# 6) R&D

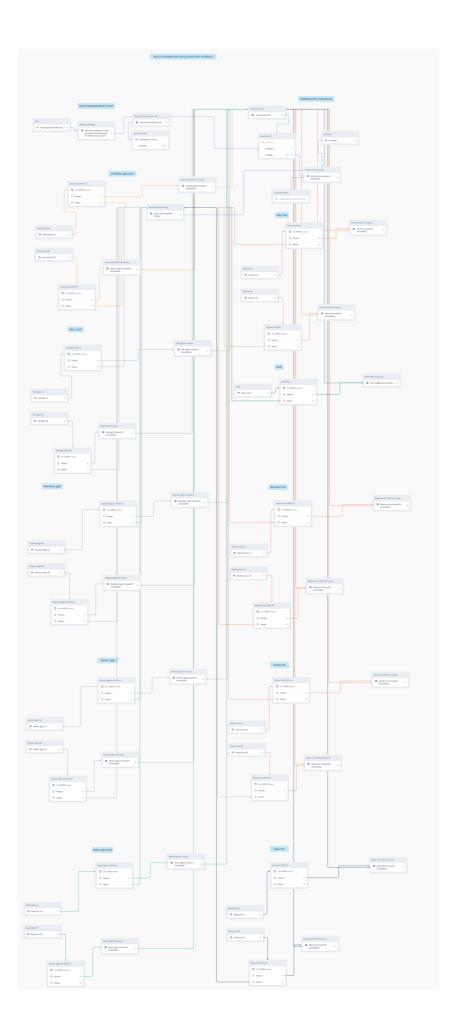
First thing to start off with the project was to create an actual house model and it was almost impossible to join the acrylic sheets together it seemed to fall off one by one causing a tiny domino effect. Somehow I had to figure out a way to fix those sheets together so after a bit of research me along with my dad was able to drop some acrylic sheets into chloroform to prepare its on solvent which made it bond at a molecular level.

The other part where the R&D was done was on the software side... well I could have made use of IFTTT (Short for IF This Then That) a 3<sup>rd</sup> party service that can be used to connect Adafruit IO's feeds with Google Assistant or Alexa and can also be used to connect Siri with Adafruit IO's feeds by making use of webhooks provided by IFTTT which seemed easy and pretty straight forward right? And indeed it was my first plan and that is why you did see IFTTT on my initial project proposal flyer.

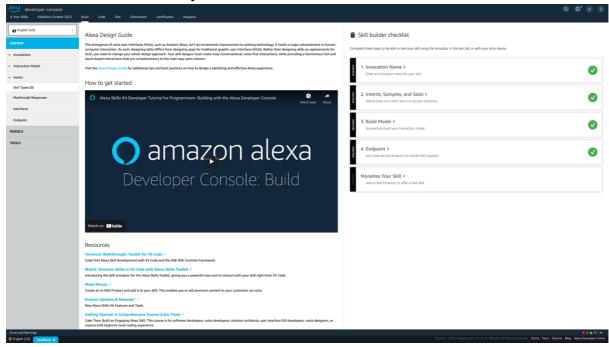
I was also wondering if I could just make Api calls and directly interact with Adafruit IO feeds as I was graving to know how it worked and I started to feel it to myself, "What if I could get rid of IFTTT, after all it is just a 3<sup>rd</sup> party" and so I ended up in this Adafruit IO's Api page which is located at

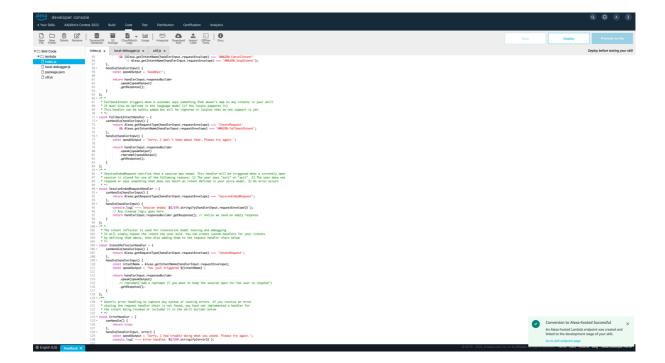
https://io.adafruit.com/api/docs/#adafruit-io-http-api but most of it just showed how to fetch the data from in and not how to make use of it to trigger a feed, so after a few trial and error I was able to find the right method to send the value to trigger the feed using curl in terminal which led a way to completely let go of IFTTT and send out POST request to actually trigger the Adafruit Io's feed, it has also made it possible for me to later found a way to integrate it into Siri without using webhooks and directly sending requests to Adafruit IO's feeds and I can bet you can never find how it is done on shortcuts over the internet as I did search for the same across many forms, articles, YouTube videos and tutorial points they all just seemed know how to connect shortcuts to Adafruit IO's feed only with IFTTT. more of these details can be found in module 10 of this document. 7) Flow Diagram for Alexa and Google Assistant





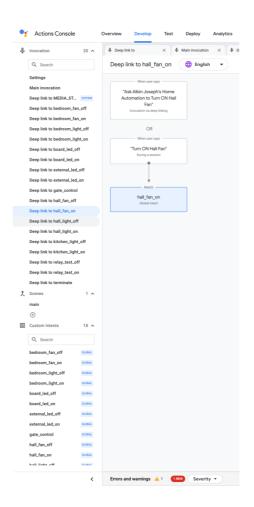
# Alexa Developer console :-





### Google Assistant Developer Console:-

4 Actions Console	Overview Develop Test Deploy Analytics		Q	Albin's Wiznet 2022 Contest 💌	Ø A	: 📵
Deep link to MEDIA_ST	Deep link to X     A Main invocation X     A Deep link to X     A Deep link to X     A Deep link to board, left, eff X	🛙 board,jed,off X 🖾 gate_control X 💷 kitchen,jight,off X 🕮 hall,jight,off	×			
Deep link to bedroom_fan_off Deep link to bedroom_fan_on	hall_light_off 🖌 🔋 🛞 English 🔹			Cancel	Save	
Deep link to bedroom_light_off	Is this a global intent?		^	Type a query		
Deep link to bedroom_light_on Deep link to board_led_off	Global interins can be matched anytime during a conversation. Use them to create shortcuts or deep link users into scenes from the web. then			Type a phrase or question to see if	it can be matched	with one of
Deep link to board_led_on	● Yes ○ No			your intents Help		
Deep link to external_led_off Deep link to external_led_on	Edit global intent handling					
Deep link to gate_control						
Deep link to hall_fan_off	Add training phrases		^			
Deep link to hall_fan_on Deep link to hall_light_off	Enter at least 10 phrases a user might say to match this intent. Help					
Deep link to hall_light_on	Enter Phrase					
Deep link to kitchen_light_off Deep link to kitchen_light_on						
Deep link to relay_test_off	Switch OFF Hall Light		•			
Deep link to relay_test_on	Turn OFF Hall Light		۰			
Deep link to terminate	< 1-2 o	of 2 →				
Custom Intents 18 A						
Q, Search	Add intent parameters Use intent parameters to extract specific values from user input when this intent is matched. Help		^			
bedroom_fan_off	Parameter name Data by		la list			
bedroom_fan_on		re ct type v				
bedroom_light_on	Add new parameter Selec	t type *				
board_led_off come						
external_led_off						
external_led_on						
gate_control scores						
hall_fan_on outer.						
hall_light_off hall_fan_on hall_light_on						
kitchen_light_off						
kitchen_light_on						
relay_test_off screek						
terminate 6.00%						
<	Errors and warnings 🔺 1 (1990) Severity 💌				1-1 of 1 <	> •



# 8) Sample Shortcuts Code and Shortcuts Achievement

The below pictures shows the shortcuts dashboard and a few code snippets:-

# Siri Shortcuts Dashboard:-

•••	WIZNET CONTES	T 2022 HOME AUTOMA	ATION			+ 88 😑	Q Search
Gallery Ay Shortcuts	0		0	<b>6</b> 8	æ	같음 Turn ON	Turn OFF
All Shortcuts 42     Quick Actions	Turn ON Board LED 7 actions	TRIGGER GATE 7 actions	Turn OFF Board LED 7 actions	Turn ON Test Relay 7 actions	Turn OFF Test Relay 7 actions	External LED 7 actions	External LED 7 actions
Menu Bar	*	*	εĵз	र्द्ध <sup>3</sup>	*	*	£ <sup>3</sup> 3
Starter Shortcuts	Turn ON Hall Light 7 actions	Turn OFF Hall Light 7 actions	Turn ON Hall Fan 7 actions	Turn OFF Hall Fan 7 actions	Turn ON Kitchen Light 7 actions	Turn OFF Kitchen Light 7 actions	Turn ON Kitchen Fan 7 actions
THER USEFUL SHO 11		佛	*	E <sup>3</sup>	ર્દ્યંડ		
WIZNET CONTEST 2 19	Turn OFF Kitchen Fan 7 actions	Turn ON Bedroom Light 7 actions	Turn OFF Bedroom Light 7 actions	Turn ON Bedroom Fan 7 actions	Turn OFF Bedroom Fan 7 actions		

#### Sample Shortcuts Code POST Method:-

Turn ON Board LED Hey Siri, Turn ON Board LED			Û 🕨	
0	Play sound	Show More		Q Search for apps and actions
				Categories Apps
	Text Hi Albin Joseph, Accessing Wiznet W5100S-EVB-Pice!			E All Actions
<b>a</b> 8	Speak CText	Show More		Documents J Media Ø Web
	Get contents of https://io.adafruit.com/api/v2/albinhomeautomation/ feeds/boardled/data	Show Less X		Next Action Suggestions           O         Wait
				set Volume
	Method: POST \$			🕅 If
	✓ Headers			Play Sound
	Key Value			💶 Speak Text
	X-AIO-Key alo_Jc A			😑 Text
				Send Message
	+ - 1 item			Stop This Shortcut
	Request Body: JSON \$			Repeat
	Key Type Value			Dictionary
	value Text \$ on			😑 Choose from Menu
				Ask for Input
	+   - 1 Item			Dictate Text
				Get Dictionary Value
	Text			Open App
	Wiznet W5100S-EVB-Pico Board's LED has been turned ON, Have a Grea	it Day!		Q Search Web
				Show Result
				Show Alert
•	Speak EText	Show More		Comment
_				Get Travel Time
0	Play sound	Show More		Calculate

The most difficult part faced in Apple shortcuts was to make a proper POST request which would send the value to Adafruit IO, usually people just make use of a 3<sup>rd</sup> party service called IFTTT to get a webhook which actually behind the scenes perform a post request however the correct Api format to make a https based POST request via Apple shortcuts in unavailable on the internet which seemed to be a small but great achievement to completely get rid of any 3<sup>rd</sup> party service especially IFTTT.

# 9) Circuit Python Code and Adafruit IO Dashboard

The Board was programmed using Circuit python, there were a few difficulties where the code was unresponsive and was required to be nuked with the flash\_nuke.uf2 file. The editor that was widely used for this project was the Mu Editor and sometimes Visual Studio Code seemed easier for search. Below is the code used in the project:-

```
# Albin's Code
1.
2.
2.
3. import board
4. import busio
5. import digitalio
6. import time
7. from random import randint
8. from adafruit_wiznet5k.adafruit_wiznet5k import *
9. import adafruit_wiznet5k.adafruit_wiznet5k_socket as socket
10
10.
11. from adafruit_io.adafruit_io import IO_MQTT
12. import adafruit_minimqtt.adafruit_minimqtt as MQTT
13. from secrets import secrets
14.
15. from time import sleep
16.
17. # ////////Display Import\\\\\\
18.
19. import displayio
20. import terminalio
21. import adafruit_displayio ssd1306
22. from adafruit_display_text import label
23.
25.
26. displayio.release_displays()
27.
29. i2c = busio.I2C (scl=board.GP1, sda=board.GP0) # This RPi Pico way to call I2C
30. display_bus = displayio.I2CDisplay (i2c, device_address = 0x3C) # The address of my
   Board
33.
34. # Set your Adafruit IO Username and Key in secrets.py
35.
36. aio_username = secrets["aio_username"]
37. aio_key = secrets["aio_key"]
38.
39. ##SPI
40. SPI0_SCK = board.GP18
41. SPIO TX = board.GP19
42. SPI0_RX = board.GP16
```

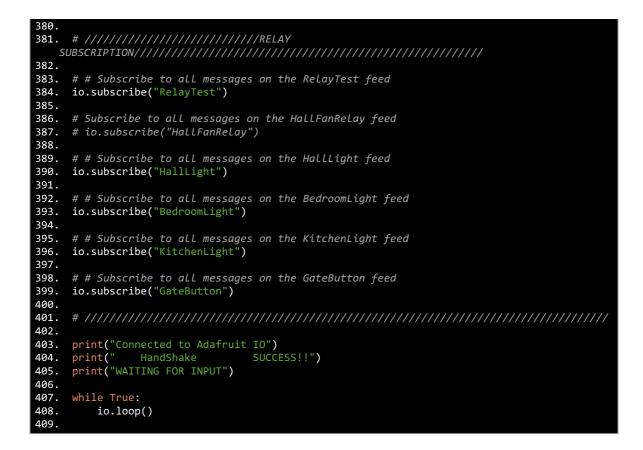
```
43. SPI0_CSn = board.GP17
44.
45. #Reset
46. W5x00 RSTn = board.GP20
47.
48. print(" ""HOME AUTOMATION" "\n" WIZNET CONTEST" "\n" "
                                                                              " "2022")
49. sleep(4)
50. print("\n" "
                    Created by" "\n" "
                                                                  " "Albin Joseph")
51. sleep(4)
52.
                                             IO""\n"" Wiznet5k (DHCP)")
53. print("Pinging Adafruit
54. # Setup your network configuration below
55. # random MAC, later should change this value on your vendor ID
55. # Pandom MAC, tater should change this value of
56. MY_MAC = (0x00, 0x01, 0x02, 0x03, 0x04, 0x05)
57. IP_ADDRESS = (192, 168, 1, 100)
58. SUBNET_MASK = (255, 255, 255, 0)
59. GATEWAY_ADDRESS = (192, 168, 1, 1)
60. DNS_SERVER = (8, 8, 8, 8)
61.
62. ethernetRst = digitalio.DigitalInOut(W5x00_RSTn)
63. ethernetRst.direction = digitalio.Direction.OUTPUT
64.
65. # For Adafruit Ethernet FeatherWing
66. cs = digitalio.DigitalInOut(SPI0_CSn)
67. # For Particle Ethernet FeatherWing
68. # cs = digitalio.DigitalInOut(board.D5)
69.
70. spi bus = busio.SPI(SPI0 SCK, MOSI=SPI0 TX, MISO=SPI0 RX)
71.
72. # Reset W5x00 first
73. ethernetRst.value = False
74. time.sleep(1)
75. ethernetRst.value = True
76.
77. # Initialize ethernet interface with DHCP
78. eth = WIZNET5K(spi_bus, cs, is_dhcp=True, mac=MY_MAC, debug=False)
79.
80. print("Chip Version:", eth.chip)
81. print("MAC Address:", [hex(i) for i in eth.mac_address])
82. print("My IP address is:", eth.pretty_ip(eth.ip_address))
83.
84. ### Code ###
85. # Define callback methods which are called when events occur
86. # pylint: disable=unused-argument, redefined-outer-name
87. def connected(clinet):
        # This function will be called when the mgtt_client is connected
88.
         # successfully to the broker.
89
         print("Connected to Adafruit IO!")
90.
91.
92.
         # Subscribe to Group
         io.subscribe(group_key=group_name)
93.
94.
95. def disconnected(clinet):
         # This method is called when the mqtt_client disconnects
96.
97.
         # from the broker.
         print("Disconnected from Adafruit IO!")
98.
99.
100.
      def subscribe(client, userdata, topic, granted_qos):
           # This method is called when the client subscribes to a new feed.
101.
102.
           print("Subscribed to {0} with QOS level {1}".format(topic, granted_qos))
103.
      def message(client, topic, message):
104.
105.
           # Method called when a client's subscribed feed has a new value.
106.
           print(" {0}: {1}".format(topic, message))
107.
108. # Board LED CONTROL
109. BoardLed = digitalio.DigitalInOut(board.GP25)
110. BoardLed.direction = digitalio.Direction.OUTPUT
111.
```

```
def on_BoardLed_msg(client, topic, message):
112.
113.
          # Method called when a client's subscribed feed has a new value.
          print(" {0}: {1}".format(topic, message))
114.
115.
          if message == "on":
              BoardLed.value = True
116.
117.
          elif message == "off":
              BoardLed.value = False
118.
119.
          else:
120.
              print("Unexpected message on BoardLed feed")
121.
122. # External LED CONTROL
    123.
124.
      ExternalLed.direction = digitalio.Direction.OUTPUT
125.
126.
      def on_ExternalLed_msg(client, topic, message):
          # Method called when a client's subscribed feed has a new value.
print(" {0}: {1}".format(topic, message))
if message == "on":
127.
128.
129.
              ExternalLed.value = True
130.
131.
          elif message == "off":
132.
              ExternalLed.value = False
133.
          else:
134.
              print("Unexpected message on ExternalLed feed")
135.
136.
      # KITCHEN FAN CONTROL
137. KitchenFan = digitalio.DigitalInOut(board.GP7)
138.
      KitchenFan.direction = digitalio.Direction.OUTPUT
139.
      def on_KitchenFan_msg(client, topic, message):
    # Method called when a client's subscribed feed has a new value.
140.
141.
          print(" {0}: {1}".format(topic, message))
if message == "on":
142.
143.
144.
              KitchenFan.value = True
145.
          elif message == "off":
146.
              KitchenFan.value = False
147.
          else:
148.
              print("Unexpected message on KitchenFan feed")
149.
150. # BEDROOM FAN CONTROL
151. BedroomFan = digitalio.DigitalInOut(board.GP6)
152. BedroomFan.direction = digitalio.Direction.OUT
      BedroomFan.direction = digitalio.Direction.OUTPUT
153.
      def on BedroomFan_msg(client, topic, message):
154.
155.
          # Method called when a client's subscribed feed has a new value.
          print(" {0}: {1}".format(topic, message))
if message == "on":
156.
157.
              BedroomFan.value = True
158.
          elif message == "off":
159.
160.
              BedroomFan.value = False
161.
162.
              print("Unexpected message on BedroomFan feed")
163.
164. # HALL FAN CONTROL GPIO PIN CONTROL
    165.
166. # HallFan = digitalio.DigitalInOut(board.GP22)
167. # HallFan.direction = digitalio.Direction.OUTPUT
168.
169. # def on_HallFan_msg(client, topic, message):
170. #
           Method called when a client's subscribed feed has a new value.
            print(" {0}: {1}".format(topic, message))
if message == "on":
171. #
172. #
173.
                HallFan.value = True
      #
174. #
            elif message == "off":
                HallFan.value = False
175. #
     #
176.
                print("Unexpected message on HallFan feed")
177.
      #
```

```
178.
179. #
    180.
181. # Relay CONTROL System (Low/False is ON
182.
183.
      # ////// ReLayTest \\\\\\\
184.
185.
      RelayTest = digitalio.DigitalInOut(board.GP9)
186.
      RelayTest.direction = digitalio.Direction.OUTPUT
187.
      RelayTest.value = True
188.
189.
      def on_RelayTest_msg(client, topic, message):
190.
          # Method called when a client's subscribed feed has a new value.
          print(" {0}: {1}".format(topic, message))
if message == "on":
191.
192.
              RelayTest.value = False
193.
194.
          elif message == "off":
195.
              RelayTest.value = True
196.
          else:
197.
              print("Unexpected message on RelayTest feed")
198.
199.
      # ////// HALL FAN CONTROL (RELAY) \\\\\\\
200.
201.
      HallFan = digitalio.DigitalInOut(board.GP15)
202.
      HallFan.direction = digitalio.Direction.OUTPUT
203.
      HallFan.value = True
204.
205.
      def on_HallFan_msg(client, topic, message):
      ## Method called when a client's subscribed feed has a new value.
206.
207.
          print(" {0}: {1}".format(topic, message))
          if message == "on":
208.
209.
              HallFan.value = False
          elif message == "off":
210.
211.
              HallFan.value = True
212.
          else:
              print("Unexpected message on HallFan feed")
213.
214.
215. # HallFanRelay = digitalio.DigitalInOut(board.GP15)
216. # HallFanRelay.direction = digitalio.Direction.OUTPUT
217.
     # HallFanRelay.value = True
218.
219. # def on_HallFanRelay_msg(client, topic, message):
220. ## Method called when a client's subscribed feed has a new value.
            print(" {0}: {1}".format(topic, message))
if message == "on":
221. #
222.
      #
223.
                HallFanRelay.value = False
      #
224.
      #
            elif message == "off":
225. #
                HallFanRelay.value = True
226. #
227. #
            else:
                print("Unexpected message on HallFanRelay feed")
228.
229.
      # ////// HALL LIGHT \\\\\\
230.
231.
      HallLight = digitalio.DigitalInOut(board.GP14)
232.
      HallLight.direction = digitalio.Direction.OUTPUT
233.
      HallLight.value = True
234.
      def on_HallLight_msg(client, topic, message):
    # Method called when a client's subscribed feed has a new value.
235.
236.
237.
          print(" {0}: {1}".format(topic, message))
238.
          if message == "on":
              HallLight.value = False
239.
          elif message == "off":
240.
              HallLight.value = True
241.
242.
          else:
243.
              print("Unexpected message on HallLight feed")
244.
```

```
245.
     # /////// BEDROOM LIGHT \\\\\\
246.
247.
     BedroomLight = digitalio.DigitalInOut(board.GP13)
248.
     BedroomLight.direction = digitalio.Direction.OUTPUT
249.
     BedroomLight.value = True
250.
251.
     def on_BedroomLight_msg(client, topic, message):
         # Method called when a client's subscribed feed has a new value.
print(" {0}: {1}".format(topic, message))
if message == "on":
252.
253.
254.
              BedroomLight.value = False
255.
256.
         elif message == "off":
257.
              BedroomLight.value = True
258.
         else:
259.
              print("Unexpected message on BedroomLight feed")
260.
261.
     # /////// KITCHEN LIGHT \\\\\\
262.
263.
     KitchenLight = digitalio.DigitalInOut(board.GP12)
264.
     KitchenLight.direction = digitalio.Direction.OUTPUT
265.
     KitchenLight.value = True
266.
267.
     def on_KitchenLight_msg(client, topic, message):
268.
          # Method called when a client's subscribed feed has a new value.
269.
          print(" {0}: {1}".format(topic, message))
270.
          if message == "on":
              KitchenLight.value = False
271.
         elif message == "off":
272.
273.
              KitchenLight.value = True
274.
         else:
275.
              print("Unexpected message on KitchenLight feed")
276.
278. # ////// GateButton \\\\\\
279.
280. GateButton = digitalio.DigitalInOut(board.GP8)
281.
     GateButton.direction = digitalio.Direction.OUTPUT
282.
     GateButton.value = True
283.
     def on_GateButton_msg(client, topic, message):
284.
285.
          # Method called when a client's subscribed feed has a new value.
          print(" {0}: {1}".format(topic, message))
286.
287.
          if message == "on":
288.
              GateButton.value = False
289.
              sleep(1)
290.
              GateButton.value = True
291.
              print("Gate triggered!!")
292.
              message == "off
293.
         else:
294.
              print("GATE Triggered" "\n" "with Adafruit IO" "\n" " "!!")
295.
296.
     297.
298. # Initialize MQTT interface with the ethernet interface
299. MQTT.set_socket(socket, eth)
300.
301.
     # Initialize a new MQTT Client object
302.
     mqtt_client = MQTT.MQTT(
          broker="io.adafruit.com",
303.
         username=secrets["aio_username"],
password=secrets["aio_key"],
304.
305.
          is_ssl=False,
306.
307.
308.
309. # Initialize an Adafruit
310. io = IO_MQTT(mqtt_client)
     # Initialize an Adafruit IO MQTT Client
311.
312. # Setup the callback methods above
313. io.on_connect = connected
     io.on disconnect = disconnected
314.
```

```
315.
    io.on_message = message
316.
    io.on_subscribe = subscribe
317.
    318.
319.
    io.add feed callback("BoardLed", on_BoardLed_msg)
320.
321.
    # Set up a callback for the ExternalLed feed
322. io.add_feed_callback("ExternalLed", on_ExternalLed_msg)
323.
324.
    io.add_feed_callback("KitchenFan", on_KitchenFan_msg)
325.
326.
327.
    io.add feed callback("BedroomFan", on BedroomFan msg)
328.
329.
330.
    io.add_feed_callback("HallFan", on_HallFan_msg)
331.
332.
    333.
334.
    335.
336.
    io.add_feed_callback("RelayTest", on_RelayTest_msg)
337.
338. ## Set up a callback for the HallFanRelay feed
339. # io.add_feed_callback("HallFanRelay", on_HallFanRelay_msg)
340.
341.
    342.
   io.add_feed_callback("HallLight", on_HallLight_msg)
343.
344. # Set up a callback for the BedroomLight feed
345. io.add_feed_callback("BedroomLight", on_BedroomLight msg)
346.
347. # Set up a callback for the KitchenLight feed
  348. io.add_feed_callback("KitchenLight", on_KitchenLight_msg)
349.
350.
    351. io.add_feed_callback("GateButton", on_GateButton_msg)
352.
353. ## Group name
354. group_name = "weatherstation" # Comenting Throws error need to check
355.
356. ## Feeds within the group
357. temp_feed = "weatherstation.temperature" # omenting Throws error need to check
358. humid_feed = "weatherstation.humidity" # Comenting Throws error need to check
359.
360. # Connect to Adafruit IO
361. print("Connecting to Adafruit IO....")
362. io.connect()
363.
365.
    # # Subscribe to all messages on the BoardLed feed
366.
    io.subscribe("BoardLed")
367.
368.
369. # # Subscribe to all messages on the ExternalLed feed
370. io.subscribe("ExternalLed")
371.
372. # Subscribe to all messages on the KitchenFan feed
373. io.subscribe("KitchenFan")
374.
    # Subscribe to all messages on the BedroomFan feed
375.
376. io.subscribe("BedroomFan")
377.
378. # # Subscribe to all messages on the HallFan feed
   io.subscribe("HallFan")
379.
```



#### Adafruit IO Dashboard:-

adafruit Profile Feeds	Dashboards WipperSnapper Actions Services My Key		
albinhomeautomation > Dashboards >	Home Automation Wiznet Contest 2022	<b>\$</b> ~	
Board Led Light Status Indicator Board Led Upt Corr External Led Corr HALL LIGHT CONTROL Corr BEORGOM LIGHT CONTROL Corr BEORGOM LIGHT CONTROL Corr	GATE CONTROL OPEN/CLOSE  KITCHEN LIGHT CONTROL HALL FAN CONTROL BEDROOM FAN CONTROL COT COT COT COT COT COT COT COT		
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# **10)** Results and Conclusion

Well the results were great! Automated gates lights and fans all powered by the lone board W5500-EVB-Pico programmed with circuit python, connected to Adafruit IO which was a possibility only because of Wiznet's brilliant idea of adding an Ethernet (RJ45) port powered by the great W5500 hardwired TCP/IP chip and equally important wiznet 5k ethernet library and adafruit library which inspired and helped me complete this amazing project successfully.

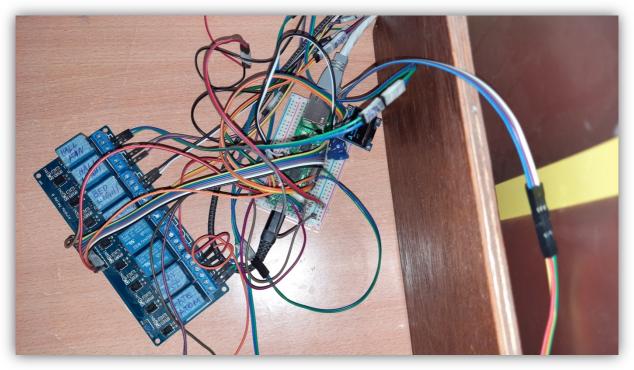
I was also able to learn and gain a lot of experience from this project and I'm really grateful for this grand opportunity wiznet provided to us.

Please Note:-

A video on this project including a working demo is being prepared which will be shared soon.

The below images in the following pages shows some images that I have captured :-









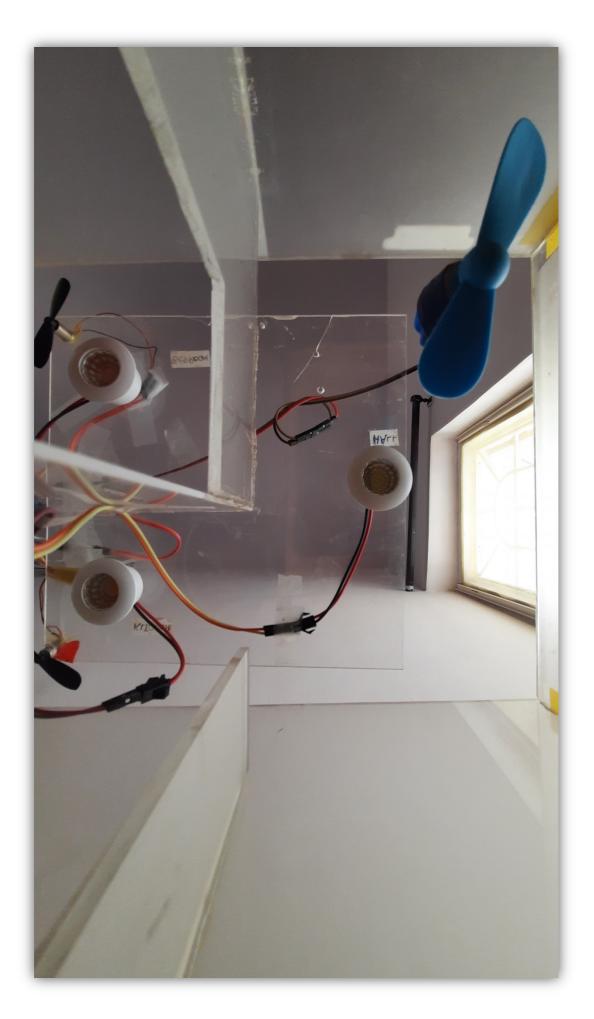


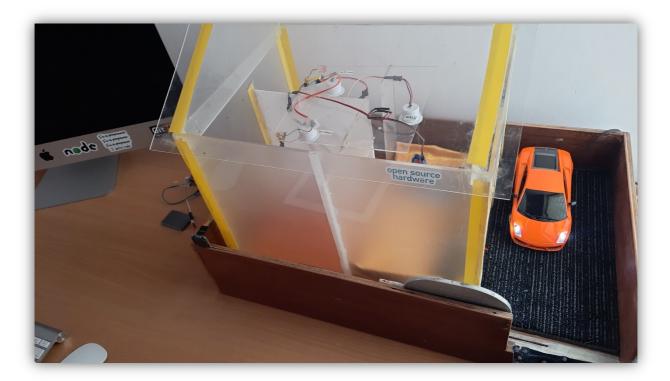






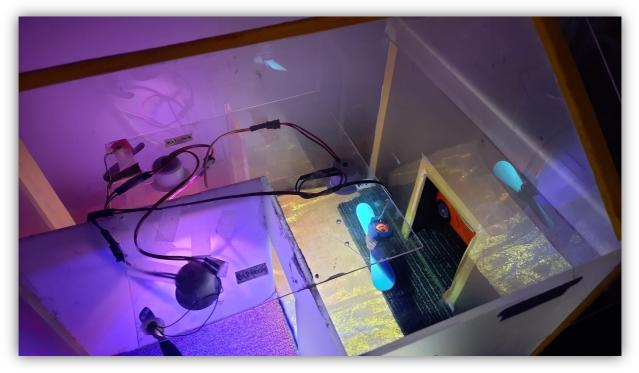












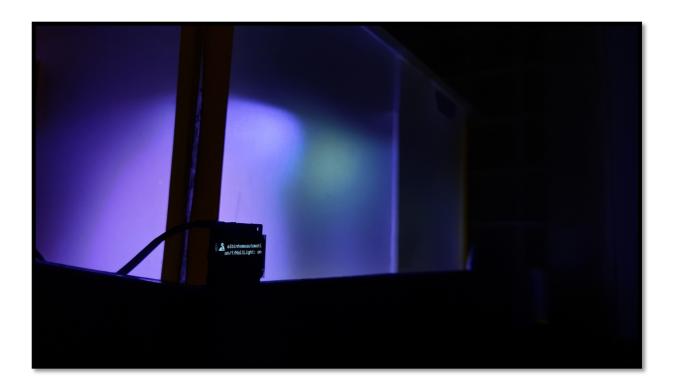












# **THANK YOU**

END OF DOCUMENT